

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
2 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

3 In re: TERRORIST ATTACKS ON  
4 SEPTEMBER 11, 2001

03 MDL 1570 (GBD)

Conference

New York, N.Y.  
April 12, 2018  
4:00 p.m.

8 Before:

9 HON. SARAH NETBURN

Magistrate Judge

11 APPEARANCES

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1 (Case called)

2 THE COURT: Welcome.

3 One housekeeping issue. I have been asked to request  
4 that counsel state your name before you begin to speak. That  
5 will assist the court reporter so that he can make sure that he  
6 is keeping everybody straight.

7 The primary purpose of today's conference is to  
8 discuss a discovery schedule for the jurisdictional discovery  
9 that Judge Daniels authorized in his March 28th memorandum  
10 decision and order. I want to talk with the parties about the  
11 types of discovery that is contemplated, the participants from  
12 whom discover is going to be sought, and how long the parties  
13 expect this discovery process to take.

14 In addition, I have applications, primarily from the  
15 plaintiffs' executive committee, asking for a modification to  
16 the process for adding new cases to this MDL, which I  
17 understand is an application unopposed by the defendants. We  
18 will address that secondarily.

19 Let's begin to talk about the discovery here. Can I  
20 ask one question, which may betray some ignorance here. What  
21 is the status of Mr. Thumairy and Mr. al Bayoumi. Where are  
22 they? Are they alive? Does anyone have contact with them?

23 MR. KELLOGG: They are both alive. They are in Saudi  
24 Arabia. My understanding is that Mr. al Thumiary continues to  
25 work for the Ministry of Islamic Affairs, but Mr. Bayoumi is

1 retired.

2 THE COURT: I assume that they are aware of Judge  
3 Daniels' decision?

4 MR. KELLOGG: I'm not sure if they are or not, your  
5 Honor.

6 THE COURT: Then you can't answer my second question,  
7 which is whether or not they intend to cooperate with  
8 discovery.

9 MR. KELLOGG: Certainly Mr. al Thumairy continues to  
10 be a government employee and will make every effort to ensure  
11 that both he and their former employee Mr. al Bayoumi  
12 cooperate.

13 THE COURT: Wonderful. Thank you. Why don't I begin  
14 with the plaintiffs here. Mr. Carter, are you going to take  
15 the lead on this, since you're sitting in the hot seat?

16 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I'm going to take the lead,  
17 Mr. Pounian may fill in any gaps. At the outset we would like  
18 to make a relatively basic observation that we view the  
19 discovery process as a truth-seeking exercise. Our sole  
20 objective-agenda-priority here is to carry out that truth-  
21 seeking exercise with regard to the matters for which discovery  
22 has been authorized in the most efficient, fair, and practical  
23 way possible. That is our only objective.

24 THE COURT: May I interrupt you for one second. Can  
25 you move the microphone closer to you.

1 MR. CARTER: Sure.

2 THE COURT: Thank you. I did hear what you said  
3 though.

4 MR. CARTER: As plaintiffs, we have an interest in  
5 moving this process forward quickly and as quickly as is  
6 reasonable while still honoring the ultimate objective of  
7 getting to the facts. We have confidence in our case. We  
8 think that once all the relevant information comes out and the  
9 evidence is on the table, we are going to be authorized to  
10 proceed to a full merits proceeding, and we obviously want to  
11 get to that. We understand that the defense may not agree with  
12 our perspective on this issue. But our goal here is to do this  
13 as quickly as possible.

14 Your Honor hit at the key issues: what are we  
15 expecting to do; how are we expecting to do it; and given what  
16 we contemplate doing, where we are seeking discovery, what is a  
17 reasonable schedule to do that.

18 The first thing we want to observe is that although we  
19 had been proceeding on two tracks to some degree with the  
20 Ashton plaintiffs on a separate complaint and separate briefing  
21 from the consolidated amended complaint plaintiffs, our intent  
22 is to proceed with discovery on a coordinated, consolidated  
23 basis.

24 THE COURT: Good.

25 MR. CARTER: To that end we have had a number of

1 conferences together to bring everybody under the tent and  
2 address how to do this. A working group of the committee had a  
3 long meeting yesterday, we have another one scheduled for next  
4 week. That is all with the aim of getting on the same page and  
5 getting us focused and precise as we can with our areas of  
6 discovery.

7 In terms of what we intend to do, there is nothing  
8 exotic about the methodologies of discovery we intend to use  
9 here to try and get to the truth. We want to serve document  
10 requests. Our sense is that we will be through the process of  
11 meeting and getting everyone on a same page to serve those  
12 within two weeks from today.

13 THE COURT: Upon whom do you intend to serve those?

14 MR. CARTER: The document request will be directed to  
15 the kingdom. We think we would be in a position to serve these  
16 within two weeks. We also believe some initial interrogatories  
17 are going to be helpful in ferreting out facts relevant to  
18 jurisdictional inquiry contemplated in the Court's decision.

19 We are mindful that this is not a circumstance in  
20 which we have rule 26 initial disclosures, so we want to ask  
21 some questions to enable us to identify witnesses with relevant  
22 knowledge through some identification interrogatories. We do  
23 think some additional interrogatories about chains of command,  
24 the nature of the roles that were being carried out by certain  
25 individuals at the heart of the court's decision will move the

1 ball substantially forward. We expect to serve those at  
2 essentially the same time.

3 THE COURT: Within two weeks?

4 MR. CARTER: We would be in a position within two  
5 weeks. That triggers some process on the other side that I  
6 think you will hear about from the kingdom. We have had two  
7 meet-and-confers with the kingdom over the last several days.  
8 They have indicated that they would be in a position to respond  
9 to document requests and present their responses and  
10 objections, not the documents, on an expedited basis, within  
11 ten days.

12 Once we receive the responses and objections, I think  
13 we will have a better sense of two things: one, the extent of  
14 the objections they are raising to the scope of the discovery  
15 that we are pursuing through our document requests and whether  
16 or not they believe that we have gone beyond the scope of  
17 discovery authorized by the court's order; second, the nature  
18 of any other objections or privileges that the kingdom might be  
19 asserting and interposing to avoid producing documents that  
20 might be responsive.

21 With regard to the scope issue, the kingdom has said  
22 it has an incentive to get that resolved early so it can  
23 conduct searches to retrieve the documents. We have no problem  
24 prioritizing that once we get the responses. They are talking  
25 ten days after we serve the document requests. If we could do

1 that motion practice within the next 30 days, that's fine by  
2 us. With regard to the interrogatories, those answers can just  
3 be provided in accordance with the rules.

4         There is third-party discovery contemplated and in  
5 fact already ongoing as well, your Honor. Let me give you a  
6 couple of examples. Judge Daniels' decision cited a number of  
7 facts that we had offered from relevant portions of FBI reports  
8 and FBI investigations. Most notable just by way of example  
9 was the content of the FBI report saying that an individual  
10 whose name was relationship redacted from the report was tasked  
11 by al Thumairy with assisting the hijackers. We have  
12 subpoenaed the FBI seeking further information relating to that  
13 investigation, the investigation in which Bayoumi and Thumairy  
14 are subjects. That is material directly cited in the Court's  
15 opinion.

16         Another example. Thumairy said during the course of  
17 interviews of the 9/11 commission that his role for the  
18 government included working as an imam in carrying out  
19 functions at the King Fahad Mosque. So the King Fahad Mosque  
20 is an entity, a third party, in direct possession in our view  
21 of documents relating to Thumairy's role, function, and scope  
22 of agency with the government of the Saudi Arabia.

23         There are also some subagents identified in our  
24 pleadings, people who were undertaking activities at the behest  
25 of Thumairy and Bayoumi. Those are third parties from whom we

1 would be seeking information about the instructions they  
2 received, from whom they received them, and the activities they  
3 carried out.

4 THE COURT: Those are also agents of the Saudi  
5 kingdom?

6 MR. CARTER: The Court's order contemplated under-  
7 taking discovery about the activities of the agents and their  
8 superiors as well as the subagents that they enlisted to carry  
9 out support for the hijackers. When I was referring to those  
10 individuals, those are the subagents who actually dealt  
11 directly with the hijackers in most cases.

12 We have some third-party discovery, mostly via  
13 subpoenas, that will go out to these third parties to gather  
14 information. Our view is that the Second Circuit FSIA cases  
15 actually encouraged the gathering of information from third  
16 parties because it is not an encroachment on the immunity of a  
17 foreign sovereign. So it is a traditional process, one we  
18 think is entirely appropriate, and we are prepared to move  
19 forward with again on a relatively quick basis.

20 Once we get through all that, we are going to get to a  
21 point where we expect there is going to be some motion practice  
22 with regard to the document requests and the other discovery.  
23 Again, we indicated that once we get the objections to scope,  
24 we can deal with that relatively early on.

25 THE COURT: As I'm understanding the process, it



1 sounds like there are two different buckets of discovery. With  
2 respect to the discovery as against Saudi Arabia, your  
3 intention is to propound framing document requests to see what  
4 their response is and then propound a broader set of document  
5 demands once you and counsel for Saudi Arabia have either  
6 reached agreement or failed to reach agreement on the scope of  
7 discovery? Is that what you are contemplating?

8 MR. CARTER: No, your Honor. We are planning to serve  
9 our actual document requests in two weeks. We expect from our  
10 conversations that the kingdom is going to take a view that  
11 some of those requests go beyond the scope of the discovery  
12 authorized by the Court and that they should not be compelled  
13 to search for information responsive to those.

14 What we are envisioning is when we got those  
15 responses, say, around May 6th or so, there would be a 30-day  
16 period for us to try and brief the scope issues separately.  
17 There may be objections based on privilege or other grounds, we  
18 don't know yet. Those in our view could be a bit more nuanced  
19 legally, maybe even somewhat esoteric. We believe those can be  
20 addressed in a second phase separate briefing.

21 THE COURT: Got it. Let me ask you a question with  
22 respect to the other what I call bucket of discovery, which is  
23 the third-party discovery. You identified the FBI and the King  
24 Fahad Mosque. With respect to the FBI, I have to believe that  
25 your committee is in contact with relevant people there. Do

1 you have a sense of whether or not that is going to be objected  
2 to? Have you spoken with the government in the sense of  
3 whether they are going to be cooperative with any subpoena that  
4 you serve upon them?

5 MR. CARTER: Your Honor we don't know, in part because  
6 it took several days to get the subpoena served. It is a bit  
7 of an unusual process. The process server has to wait in the  
8 lobby for someone from the general counsel's office to come  
9 down and take it. They frequently tell them there is no one  
10 available, go home and come back tomorrow.

11 It was served, if I recall correctly, two days ago,  
12 and we haven't heard from them. Years ago there was some  
13 contacts in the FBI. I don't know that we have any designated  
14 liaison person within the FBI at this moment to deal with us,  
15 but it is something that we are hoping to get.

16 THE COURT: With respect to the mosque, the documents  
17 that you are seeking are going back several decades. Do you  
18 have a sense of whether or not the documents have been  
19 preserved, if there are preservation orders issued in earlier  
20 litigations? Do you have any sense of what you are going to  
21 get?

22 MR. CARTER: We do not, your Honor. I think we  
23 probably likely have a subpoena that we plan to issue to the  
24 state department as well. If your Honor will recall from the  
25 briefing, the state department was the component of the U.S.

1 government that made the assessment that Thumairy was connected  
2 to terrorism and ultimately decided to deny him reentry to the  
3 United States on that basis. That is in the 9/11 Commission  
4 report. There are underlying state department records relating  
5 to that. We are going to ask for those.

6 We are not talking about a hundred subpoenas here. We  
7 are talking about a universe of subpoenas that go right to the  
8 heart of allegations we have made in support of our claims  
9 about the nature of the activities undertaken by these  
10 individuals and their agency that we are trying to verify  
11 through the discovery process. That will go forward in part  
12 based on how responsive the recipients of the subpoenas are,  
13 just like in any other case.

14 Beyond that, we want to take some depositions,  
15 including of representatives of the kingdom and former  
16 representatives of the kingdom. Your Honor raised the question  
17 that we also raised. We asked about three witnesses in  
18 particular to begin the dialogue about their availability and  
19 to try and start moving that process forward and get dates,  
20 even if after document discovery, to have a sense of whether we  
21 are going to depose these folks.

22 With Bayoumi, as Mr. Kellogg mentioned, we are told  
23 that he is no longer an employee of the government and that it  
24 is not possible for the kingdom at this moment to commit to  
25 whether or not he would be available. So we may have to assess

1 whether or not there are legal processes available to the  
2 kingdom to make witnesses in this jurisdiction with knowledge  
3 relative to our proceeding here available. That is something  
4 we want to pursue because he is a critical witness.

5 The same with Khalid al Swailem, who is the  
6 representative of the Ministry of Islamic Affairs set above  
7 Thumairy at the embassy in Washington. We asked about him. So  
8 far we have been told that the kingdom isn't sure where he is  
9 right now, whether he is employed. We are still waiting on  
10 that.

11 We don't know yet who is going to be identified as a  
12 witness with knowledge. We can see within the Dallah Avco  
13 discovery that we have received that there are a number of  
14 individuals within the ministry of defense and aviation who  
15 were involved in some way in coordinating, maintaining the  
16 secondment that we view as a coverage op. So we have those  
17 people. We obviously have people directly involved.

18 We may also want to have a 30(b)(6) witness.  
19 Particularly to the extent that some of these people are no  
20 longer available, we need to gather information from a  
21 knowledgeable party in that way.

22 My co-counsel is urging me to be clear that with  
23 regard to the third-party discovery, we are not talking about a  
24 hundred. It is not specifically limited to the FBI and the  
25 King Fahad Mosque. I mentioned the state department. There

1 are probably a few others that we will determine whether we  
2 should go forward with.

3 With all of that out there, we think the document  
4 phase of this can be done over the course of several months,  
5 that we can then take depositions, and that we should be in a  
6 position to complete this in line with the schedule that is  
7 already in place for jurisdictional discovery as to the other  
8 defendants, which is January 31st. That will be our proposal.

9 We view active engagement with the Court throughout  
10 this process to set interim deadlines as vital to this. We  
11 would be supportive of conferences every few weeks based on  
12 what your Honor thinks is most appropriate. We had that  
13 process at one point with Judge Maas, and it was pretty  
14 effective when we were in a very active phase of discovery. We  
15 think it makes sense to make sure we stay on track here and  
16 that we resolve any disputes as they arise.

17 Thank you.

18 THE COURT: When we did merits discovery in the case,  
19 as you will recall, we had a full-blown deposition protocol  
20 which I thought was really important given the number of moving  
21 parties. For this phase of the litigation I don't think that  
22 is necessary. Do you think the parties need to come up with  
23 some sort of protocol to agree upon, locations, etc? Some of  
24 the witnesses may be unable or unwilling to come to the U.S.  
25 for deposition. There may be issues about where depositions

1 take place. Do you think at this point that is something the  
2 parties can work out together or do you envision rolling out  
3 protocol like we did for the merits discovery?

4 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, one of the reasons that we  
5 started trying to talk about depositions now was to determine  
6 whether or not we needed to enter into a dialogue about a  
7 formal process. We are just not sure at this point. It may be  
8 a little premature to iron that out without knowing who the  
9 witnesses all are because we haven't seen the documents.

10 We have been down that road. We are happy to go there  
11 if necessary. We were focused, given your Honor's order, on  
12 looking at the schedule and trying to figure out what we wanted  
13 to do, and therefore adopt a schedule that reasonably would  
14 accommodate that but still get us done as quickly as possible.  
15 We are happy to pursue dialogues about any sort of formalities  
16 within the process that are necessary procedurally,  
17 logistically, or otherwise.

18 THE COURT: Good. It looks like you have put a lot of  
19 thought towards this. I appreciate that.

20 Mr. Kellogg.

21 MR. KELLOGG: Thank you, your Honor. Our objectives  
22 here are twofold. First, we want to fully and in good faith  
23 comply with the discovery directed by the district court.  
24 Second, at the same time we want to ensure that the process  
25 proceeds expeditiously and is not an undue burden on a

1 sovereign nation. The way to do that we think is to comply  
2 strictly with the scope of discovery as articulated by Judge  
3 Daniels.

4 Specifically, that is discovery to confirm specific  
5 allegations made by the plaintiffs and therefore limited to  
6 persons, time frames, and subject matters directed by the  
7 Court. The Court's remark on this is that it is discovery  
8 critical to answering a single question: whether and to what  
9 extent Thumairy, Bayoumi, and their agents took action in 2000  
10 at the direction of more senior Saudi officials to provide  
11 assistance to Hazmi, Mihdhar, and other 9/11 hijackers.

12 The focus as we see it is vertical. Thumairy and  
13 Bayoumi, he says it is alleged that an unknown supervisor  
14 directed them to help the hijackers and they in turn recruited  
15 subagents to help the hijackers. It is a very vertical line of  
16 inquiry.

17 We think going off on a side tangent with third-party  
18 discovery would not be consistent with the Court's directive,  
19 which basically said the reason he was ordering discovery was  
20 that the information relevant to the issues was in the  
21 possession of the kingdom itself. We are prepared to provide  
22 that discovery within the limits set by the Court, but we think  
23 it is very important to have presumptive limits on the time  
24 frame for discovery and on the scope of discovery.

25 Where we disagree with the plaintiffs is on both of

1 those issues. We would rather have things go faster and have  
2 any issues regarding appropriate scope resolved early on.  
3 Specifically, they already served discovery requests. Both the  
4 Ashton plaintiffs and the executive committee served  
5 illustrative discovery requests. Some of those requests are  
6 pertinent to the discovery ordered by the district court.

7 We don't really see why it should take them two weeks  
8 to develop a new set of specific document production requests  
9 or interrogatories. We would propose a faster schedule that  
10 would have them, say, next Friday, the 20th, provide the new  
11 consolidated document request. We would be subject to the same  
12 schedule if we had any document request. And also to limit the  
13 number of interrogatories presumptively to five at the outset  
14 per side. If showing is made later on that more are required,  
15 we can revisit the issue at that time.

16 Then we would like, as Mr. Carter said, to try to  
17 provide any objections to the requests for production within 10  
18 days of that time, that is, by April 30th, and then have an  
19 expedited process for bringing any existing disputes after the  
20 meet-and-confer to the attention of the Court so they can be  
21 resolved up front.

22 By mid May our hope is to go to Saudi Arabia for a  
23 two-week period to gather the relevant documents, make sure we  
24 are complying fully with the Court's instructions, and provide  
25 a preliminary set of document production to the plaintiffs as



1 well as their interrogatory answers by the end of May.

2 Part of our hurry is, frankly, driven by the Muslim  
3 holidays of Ramadan, which starts in mid May. That is still a  
4 time when we can get over there and recover documents. At the  
5 end of Ramadan, they have a significant holiday after that  
6 period which then blends into the summertime. We are advised  
7 by Saudi counsel that it would be much better for us to do our  
8 document gathering in the latter half of May. That's why we  
9 are proposing that schedule.

10 We then proposed a tentative date for complete  
11 document discovery of July 31st, at which point there would be  
12 45 days for depositions. We propose an initial limit of 5  
13 depositions. Again on good cause showing, based on documents  
14 or other 30(b)(6) witnesses, they could ask for additional  
15 depositions on request and leave of the Court. The idea is to  
16 target a complete end of discovery by October 15th so that  
17 renewed motions to dismiss could be filed by as early as  
18 December 1st and the Court could have those before it.

19 One of the reasons we do not believe in going sideways  
20 in terms of discovery, such as the rather expansive subpoena  
21 that they have served on the FBI, is that the Touhy process in  
22 pressing such a subpoena could easily last a year or more.  
23 They already have numerous documents declassified by the FBI  
24 involving the interview memos and such that they have tried to  
25 rely on before the Court. We have pointed out to the Court

1 that those are not actually admissible evidence because they  
2 simply report second-hand interviews. The only relevant  
3 evidence is the final reports of the 9/11 Commission and the  
4 FBI and the CIA, all of which dismissed their allegations.

5 We do not see any productive basis for the plaintiffs  
6 to try to gather additional nonadmissible hearsay materials,  
7 such as 302 reports of agents regarding interviews. We think  
8 they have gotten declassified information as well and that the  
9 Court was really contemplating this sort of vertical discovery,  
10 not tangential horizontal discovery which plaintiffs will then  
11 using as a reason for dragging out the discovery process.

12 They will be coming back to the Court saying the FBI  
13 hasn't responded to our subpoena yet, we have to go through  
14 this lengthy process, everything should be held up, we can't  
15 conduct depositions. None of that is really relevant to the  
16 specific issues the Court identified. The specific issue  
17 really is Thumairy, Bayoumi, their alleged supervisor, what  
18 instructions they were given, what instructions in turn did  
19 they give to their alleged subagents.

20 We are happy to cooperate with providing a list of  
21 names to try to determine where these people are if we know, if  
22 they are still employed by Saudi Arabia, if they are still  
23 alive, where they are living to the extent that we have that  
24 information. We strongly urge the Court to cabin it along the  
25 lines that Judge Daniels articulated and believe that it will

1 be possible to end discovery by mid October if we do so.

2 THE COURT: Thank you.

3 Mr. Carter, anything you want to say in response?

4 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I would like to offer a  
5 response. The reason I began by saying we view this as a  
6 truth-seeking exercise is because we anticipated this response.  
7 None of the limitations that Mr. Kellogg has proposed are  
8 geared at getting to the truth and helping the Court gather the  
9 evidence that would answer the questions raised in its March  
10 28th decision. Quite to the contrary, they are incompatible  
11 with that view.

12 If we just look at the FBI report that we are talking  
13 about -- we are trying to get a less redacted version of it --  
14 it is that report that includes the name of the person who  
15 tasked Bayoumi and Thumairy. But that name has been redacted.  
16 We are trying to persuade the FBI to give us that name.

17 It may very well be that that information resides  
18 totally in the FBI from its investigation and would provide the  
19 name from whom we want to seek a deposition of the kingdom. So  
20 the information in these third-party sources goes to the direct  
21 heart of this matter.

22 There is nothing in the Court's decision that suggests  
23 that it contemplated that the traditional tools of discovery  
24 would not be available, and there is no burden on the kingdom  
25 in the event that the FBI agrees that it should turn this stuff

1 over and gives it to us.

2 Mr. Kellogg began his speech by saying the purpose of  
3 this is for us to verify the allegations that we have offered  
4 as to these people. Part of that is verifying what the FBI  
5 found. He said that none of the reports that we have offered  
6 are evidence. If that's the case, then we need to go back to  
7 the FBI and get as much information as possible so we can  
8 distill this information into admissible evidence. All of this  
9 is geared to making it less like that we will ultimately come  
10 to a fulsome truth in the proceeding.

11 THE COURT: I do take a little issue with the except  
12 that this process is about the search for truth. I understand  
13 that that sounds nice. But Judge Daniels did limit the scope  
14 of discovery. Your burden right now is not to find out whether  
15 or not Saudi Arabia is complicit in the 9/11 attacks. Your  
16 burden right now is to find out whether or not these two  
17 individuals acted as agents for the government in support of  
18 the terrorist attacks. The search for the truth is always what  
19 we say litigation is about, but in this instance we are  
20 focusing on a narrow area.

21 In my reading of the decision I identified nine topics  
22 that Judge Daniels relied upon as allegations that the  
23 plaintiffs pointed to, things like phone communications, things  
24 like the scope of the job, those types of topics. When Mr.  
25 Kellogg talks about a vertical approach to discovery, the way I

1 see it, and I'm not sure if we are speaking at odds, is there  
2 are a set of topics that Judge Daniels has identified. Like I  
3 said, my count was about nine areas.

4 Within each area I think the plaintiffs are entitled  
5 to probe or drill down into those particular areas, but I do  
6 intend to cabin you to those areas. So, if you serve discovery  
7 on the kingdom that it opposes that seeks information that does  
8 not appear in Judge Daniels' decision and seems to me to be  
9 part of your effort in the search for truth but not something  
10 you alleged in your complaint, I am going to deny that  
11 discovery.

12 All of your discovery demands -- we are talking about  
13 pages 19 to 23 I think, so we are talking about four pages here  
14 which I intend to keep by my side at all times during this  
15 process -- all discovery that you are seeking needs to be  
16 tethered to one of those allegations that Judge Daniels relied  
17 upon and is allowing you to pursue.

18 So yes, we are searching for truth, but it is not  
19 global truth, it is truth as to these particular allegations.  
20 I want to urge you to make sure that your discovery is tailored  
21 to that because you won't be successful in your discovery  
22 demands if they do go off the rails.

23 That said, I am going to allow the plaintiffs to probe  
24 within each of those areas of factual allegations that Judge  
25 Daniels identified. For instance, he talks about

1 communications between Thumairy and Bayoumi regarding their  
2 February 1st, 2000, meeting at the Saudi consulate in Los  
3 Angeles. I am going to allow full discovery into that meeting  
4 and what happened at the meeting and how it was set up and if  
5 there was any information or plans that came after that.

6 That doesn't mean that I'm going to allow discovery  
7 into every single point of contact with the consulate. But  
8 that was a meeting that was alleged to be something you suspect  
9 as part of this conspiracy. I want to make sure that all of  
10 your discovery demands, and I'm sure you will do this, are  
11 tethered to the allegations in the complaint.

12 To facilitate this process, it might be in your  
13 interest for each discovery demand to identify at least in some  
14 simple form, if you can orchestrate this, why this demand is  
15 specific to this particular allegation. Or maybe issue your  
16 demands in groups so that you say we are searching for  
17 documents that speak to this particular allegation. That will  
18 help the parties, and ultimately the Court if necessary, to  
19 decide whether or not the discovery that you are seeking truly  
20 is tailored toward a particular allegation that you need to  
21 prove or is beyond that scope.

22 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, a couple of things. We are  
23 very much mindful that we are conducting discovery pursuant to  
24 the Court's order, and pages 19 to 23 of the decision are ones  
25 that have been right here in front of me. It is relative to

1 those allegations that are described in those pages that we are  
2 pursuing some of this third-party discovery. We are not asking  
3 every question that could potentially be relevant with the FBI  
4 about Saudi Arabia being bad. That is not the intention.

5 But it is clear that these third parties do have  
6 information that speaks directly to it. I mentioned earlier  
7 that it is the FBI report that talks about there being a person  
8 who tasked Bayoumi and Thumairy. That is clearly something  
9 contemplated by the Court's order that be we are trying to  
10 develop through the third-party process.

11 THE COURT: I don't know that the committee has  
12 standing to object to your efforts to uncover discovery from  
13 the FBI. To the extent what Mr. Kellogg fears is realized,  
14 meaning that if that process bleeds beyond the limited time  
15 frame that I impose, I'm not going to allow that to hold up the  
16 kingdom's right to file a new motion to dismiss once a  
17 reasonable period of discovery has concluded. But I think that  
18 is an issue we can deal with if it arises.

19 MR. CARTER: We do as well, your Honor. Also, Mr.  
20 Kellogg mentioned two other things. He suggested setting as we  
21 sit here today presumptive limits on the number of depositions  
22 at 5, a presumptive limit on the number of interrogatories at  
23 5. We think that those limits are unwarranted and incompatible  
24 with the Court's decision. Even if we are just looking at the  
25 precise actors who were involved in the activities described in

1 the decision, we get beyond 5. And we haven't seen who  
2 internally in the government was within this chain of command  
3 and involved.

4 THE COURT: I'm not going to set a limit on  
5 depositions now. I will set a limit, but I think it is fair to  
6 at least look at the documents and see what we are talking  
7 about. It may be that 5 is all you need and it may be that the  
8 number is much larger. We will deal with that when we get  
9 there. So I'm not going to set a limit for the number of  
10 depositions.

11 I also think 5 interrogatories is too few. I was  
12 curious if you have a sense of what you are talking about here.  
13 Are we talking about 25 interrogatories? Are we talking about  
14 500 interrogatories?

15 MR. CARTER: We are talking about 25, your Honor.

16 THE COURT: I think that's reasonable.

17 Mr. Kellogg asks you to serve those discovery requests  
18 by April 20th rather than April 24th, something like that. The  
19 difference seems slightly immaterial to me. I'm fine if you  
20 take the two weeks, but do you think you can accommodate  
21 defendants and get that request served by next Friday, or do  
22 you want your weekend?

23 MR. CARTER: We have been shuffling a lot of  
24 schedules. We really do look at this pretty aggressively.

25 THE COURT: I think the difference between 7 business



1 days and 10 business days is not material. You should serve  
2 your discovery demands 2 weeks from today. Since it is not my  
3 courtroom, I didn't take my calendar with me. I think that  
4 would be the 26th of April.

5 The kingdom has represented that it will make its  
6 initial responses and objections within 10 business days, I'm  
7 assuming. Mr. Mendieta can we go two weeks beyond that.  
8 Presumptively the kingdom's response will be May 11th. That  
9 gives you two weeks. I assume when you said 10 days you were  
10 speaking business days. So May 11th.

11 MR. KELLOGG: Yes.

12 THE COURT: Why don't we schedule a follow-up call to  
13 check in. Let's say a conference. I'll ask you whether it  
14 should be a call in a minute. Do you think if we schedule for  
15 the end of May, that will be enough time for the plaintiffs  
16 committee as a whole to meet and confer and then for the  
17 parties to meet and confer?

18 MR. CARTER: We do, your Honor.

19 MR. KELLOGG: Yes, your Honor, that should be fine  
20 subject to our trip to Saudi Arabia. We'll try to work around  
21 that.

22 THE COURT: Okay. I will schedule a conference for --  
23 I may need to look at my calendar. I'm not sure I can do it  
24 from here. Let me ask another question. Do we think this  
25 should be an in-person conference or telephone conference?

1 Maybe I'll help you come up with an answer there.

2 If we think this is going to be a substantive  
3 discussion about the scope of discovery and the like, I'm  
4 inclined to have it be in person. If we think it is going to  
5 be a check-in about where things stand and is only going to be  
6 15 minutes or so, we can do it by phone. Otherwise, I think in  
7 person probably is better.

8 MR. CARTER: Our view is that if we schedule an  
9 in-person, we all have it on our schedule, and we can always  
10 change it if it becomes unnecessary to be here in person.

11 MR. KELLOGG: Your Honor, it will almost certainly be  
12 substantive. We are happy to appear before you.

13 THE COURT: I am going to schedule a conference for  
14 Thursday the 24th in the morning rather than schedule it for  
15 the Friday before Memorial Day weekend in the afternoon, which  
16 is a favor I'm offering to everybody in the room.

17 MR. CARTER: Thank you, your Honor.

18 THE COURT: Let's schedule that for 10 o'clock on  
19 Thursday the 24th. We will issue an order so we have that  
20 there. I will probably ask for some letters in advance just so  
21 I know where things stand. At that point we can start to talk  
22 about depositions and deadlines. I think we will have a better  
23 sense then about production and hopefully even where some of  
24 the third-party discovery is.

25 I appreciate the kingdom's representation that they

1 believe that discovery can and should be completed by the  
2 middle of October. I think everybody shows an interest in  
3 moving this case forward. If that is possible, we will get  
4 there. January 31st is what the plaintiffs committee proposed  
5 should be sort of a back end. Let's see whether between mid  
6 October and the end of January we can complete this process.  
7 I'm not going to set a deadline today until we have a better  
8 sense of exactly what we are talking about. I think that makes  
9 the most sense.

10 Anything else for us to discuss at this time on  
11 discovery?

12 MR. KREINDLER: Your Honor, Jim Kreindler. One thing  
13 to add that might become relevant, because I think you like to  
14 know of all 9/11-related events. This may turn out to be  
15 nothing, but it may happen.

16 This week in both the Senate and the House,  
17 Republicans and Democrats, are discussing a resolution to call  
18 for the release of millions of pages of 9/11 documents that the  
19 government has. I want to alert your Honor to that discussion.  
20 That there might be such a resolution and there might be a  
21 significant release of information, hopefully in the near  
22 future.

23 We don't know what's happening. Washington is hard to  
24 predict. But I do want to mention it because it bears upon the  
25 information we might have to draw on.

1 THE COURT: That's fine. Thank you.

2 The second issue that we were to discuss today is the  
3 plaintiffs executive committee's request that we modify the way  
4 the new complaints are being filed. I want to talk about this  
5 issue. I see Mr. Maloney will be leading the conversation.  
6 Let me tell you some concerns I have here.

7 One thing I would like to hear from you is what's  
8 wrong with the system we have and why you think it needs to be  
9 modified. My concern with what you have proposed, which as I  
10 understand it is essentially to file something akin to a notice  
11 in any existing complaint that says we are now adding the  
12 following 100 people as plaintiffs to this case, my concern  
13 with that is manyfold.

14 One, I am concerned that those names will never make  
15 their way onto the caption of the docket; we would have  
16 problems with issuing judgments should that time come, also  
17 with public access to the information and not having every  
18 party's name on the complaint.

19 That may also cause problems if and when anyone should  
20 be removed from the caption either because they elect to  
21 withdraw or -- I don't envision this happening -- to the extent  
22 some cases settle out and other cases go forward. I don't  
23 think that lends itself to that particular concern of mine, but  
24 it is one.

25 I am also concerned about it from the court's

1 perspective. Typically, we manage MDLs by having individual  
2 cases filed. It is strongly held preference of our clerk of  
3 court as far as management of the court's docket on the whole  
4 to have these cases filed individually.

5 So I am reluctant to conclude, at least not on the  
6 record before me, that there is a real problem with what we  
7 have, given some of the competing interests that the public has  
8 and that the court has as far as its administration. With that  
9 as my preamble, let me hear from you.

10 MR. MALONEY: We were trying to make it easier for the  
11 court and the clerk's office than more difficult. Many years  
12 ago, when we first started, Judge Casey issued a case  
13 management order that allowed the plaintiffs to periodically  
14 amend the complaint by adding new names to the caption. They  
15 were uploaded back then.

16 Since we have filed the case against the kingdom last  
17 year, we have had additional plaintiffs retain various members  
18 of the committee. We have also had other plaintiffs retain  
19 other counsel. As your Honor knows, other complaints have been  
20 filed. They have been sort of me-too complaints, they have  
21 been issued new docket numbers, and they are represented by  
22 other counsel who are not on the committee but they essentially  
23 are sort of riding the coattails.

24 For plaintiffs that are retaining members of the  
25 committee or lawyers that already have existing complaints, we

1 thought it would be logistically easier for the clerk's office  
2 for us to amend them and add them and make sure that they were  
3 bound to any of the prior or future rulings for those  
4 particular cases.

5 We can do it either way. We can file a new complaint  
6 that essentially mirrors what we already have with a new  
7 caption, with new plaintiffs. We thought that would actually  
8 clog up the docket more than keeping it as small as we could.

9 THE COURT: I know you can't really answer this  
10 question, but I'll ask it anyway. Do you have a sense of how  
11 many more plaintiffs are likely to appear in the case? We've  
12 got another eight months under the statute of limitations.

13 MR. MALONEY: The January 2, 2019 date, we are looking  
14 at as the end. There are arguments for extending that, but we  
15 plan on making sure everybody who is retaining us has retained  
16 us and has a complaint on file before then. Right now there  
17 are probably a few thousand additional plaintiffs, which is a  
18 combination of additional death cases, solacium claims that are  
19 separate and apart from them but tied to death cases, and then  
20 personal injury claims. So there are several thousand more.

21 THE COURT: When you say a few thousand, you're  
22 referring to claims by estates for people who died as a result  
23 of the attacks, the solacium claims of those family members,  
24 and individuals who did not die or were injured as a result of  
25 the attacks?

1 MR. MALONEY: Correct, your Honor.

2 THE COURT: You think that number is several thousand?

3 MR. MALONEY: I don't want to hazard a guess. It is  
4 certainly a few thousand collectively, not just my firm but all  
5 the other firms that I am aware of.

6 THE COURT: I can tell you that the strongly held view  
7 of the administrative arm of the court is that we continue to  
8 file new cases with new docket numbers and that those cases  
9 proceed under the protocol that I put in place in May, so they  
10 automatically get related and they get bound by every decision  
11 of the MDL. That is the system that our MDL coordinator  
12 prefers, that our clerk of court prefers.

13 I don't think there is any reason to have piecemeal  
14 filings, at least of the firms that are already in the case.  
15 They can file one complaint in October or November that lists  
16 all of their new clients rather than file seriatim. But I  
17 think we are going to want to have new docket numbers with new  
18 captions and have those cases related over.

19 MR. MALONEY: We can do that, your Honor. It's not a  
20 problem. We thought it might be easier for the Court when we  
21 talk about the Ashton case that we know that the Kreindler firm  
22 is essentially the lead counsel for the Ashton cases and now  
23 the Kreindler firm may have Ashton and Jones and Smith. We are  
24 trying to avoid that. But whatever the Court decides is fine.

25 THE COURT: I appreciate that. I think we want

1 Ashton, Jones, and Smith as opposed to just one.

2 MR. HAEFELE: Your Honor, that may be one thing I want  
3 your Honor to consider. There is a circumstance that came up  
4 in a case of the Iran judgments where there is at least a  
5 rationale to have the solacium claims put together with the  
6 estates that they are part of. That may be a reason to perhaps  
7 address the solacium claimants, amending and adding them in  
8 with the estates in the same case. I'm asking that your Honor  
9 consider that as one middle ground regarding at least a group  
10 of the claims.

11 THE COURT: You have instances where the estate has  
12 already filed a complaint but maybe the spouse never filed her  
13 own complaint?

14 MR. HAEFELE: The spouse or child. For example, some  
15 of them were minors at the time and they may not have been  
16 named, and they may be of majority age now and they may want to  
17 have a claim of their own as a solacium claim as a child or a  
18 spouse or a sibling or a parent.

19 THE COURT: I agree with you as a general matter that  
20 it is preferable, though maybe not critical, that solacium  
21 claims are in the same case as the underlying death claim.

22 MR. HAEFELE: I think it would help your Honor to  
23 manage the judgments as well. Least from what we saw with  
24 Iran, it seems it is easier if they are all in the same  
25 judgment from the same case.



1 THE COURT: Potentially. But I think in that instance  
2 the court as a whole, not just me, would prefer the filing of  
3 an amended complaint that adds the names. That may not be  
4 preferable from an administrative perspective on your end. Let  
5 me think about that particular issue and whether or not there  
6 should be two different sections, one for entirely new cases  
7 where nobody has filed yet and one for cases where we have part  
8 of a family already proceeding and we want to add new family  
9 members.

10 MR. HAEFELE: Thank you.

11 THE COURT: Thank you. Anything further on that  
12 particular issue?

13 MR. MALONEY: No, your Honor.

14 THE COURT: I will see you all on the 24th. I will  
15 issue an order with those dates. Thank you everybody.

16 (Adjourned)  
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